Photography 5 Online Final 2017

Foll	ow	these	steps
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A. Program

D. Manual

B. Shutter Priority C. Aperture Priority

- > Download the written Final and the Shooting Final from the website/Blackboard
- > Rename the file with your name_FINAL
- Mark the final with the highlighter in the PDF format.
- Mark the entire answer for each question

	Save the file with your name_FINAL back to your desktop and then upload it to the server.
1.	The four properties of light are direction, form, contrast and context. A. True B. False
2.	Kodak Brownie Hawkeye cameras were sold by George Eastman at the turn of the century under what company name? A. Kodiak B. Sears & KodUk C. Kodak D. Agfa
3.	There is an 'add-on' that you need to add to this browsers once you down load it. You have to go to the 'add-on' page from where you downloaded Firefox. What is the name of this add on? A. FireSTP B. FTPspark C. Fire BTP D. None of the above
4.	Lewis Hine photographed effectively changing laws to protect others from exploitation. A. Child Labor B. American Indians C. Adoption services, D. Civil War

5. Which shooting mode places you, the photographer, in full control of the visual situation.

6. Changing the aperture from one number to the next either doubles or halves the amount of light that strikes the film/sensor?A. TrueB. False
 7. Back lighting a subject can create a sense of: A. You made a mistake B. Softness C. Definition D. Mystery or drama
8. Having cameras present almost everywhere is changing the way society views
A. Confinement
B. Conflict
C. Contrast
D. All of the above
9. Timothy O'Sullivan preceded by 75 years another photographer who photographed much the same area of the great south west. That photographer was? A. Mathew Brady
B. Ansel Adams
C. Alfred Steiglitz
D. Ansel Williams
10. A programmable control on a digital camera that is very important to the quality of the image, effecting how the camera reacts to light is called the
A. White balance
B. White obligation
C. White quotient.
D. White regulation
11. A fast shutter speed will stop movement of the subject
A. True
B. False
12. Which lens would allow the most amount of light to hit the sensor? A. 28mm f/2.8
B. 50mm f/2
C. 180mm f/3.5
D. 400mm f/5.6
13. Using Aperture Priority setting is where you set the f/stop and the camera selects the shutter speed?A. TrueB. False

14. The quality of light refers to the degree of:	
A. Delusion	
B. Diptheria	
C. Diffusion	
D. Dysfunction	
15. How many stops difference is there if the light falling on the subject has a 8:1 light	
ratio?	
A. 1 stop	
B. 4 stops	
C. 2 stops D. 3 stops	
D. 3 stops	
16. The pop-up or automatic strobe on your camera produces a 1 to 1 light ratio that is not very flattering. However it can be improved by	
A. Increasing its power	
B. Diffusing the light with tissue or some type of reflective device	
C. Never turning the dumb thing on	
D. Hindering the light by covering it with a totally black cloth	
17. Dark tones in a photograph relate to what in our subconscious? A. Aloneness and isolation	
B. Contrast	
C. Lighthearted and connectivity	
D. None of the above	
18. The depth of field is the area of sharpness 2/3 in front of the subject and 1/3's in bac	k
of the subject.	
A. True	
B. False	
 Most digital cameras default on what metering system A. Mitigated 	
B. Center weighted	
C. Partial	
D. Spot	
D. Spot	
20. Your light meter reads the brightness of	
A. Contrast	
B. Darkness	
C. f/stops	
D. Light	
21. The Rule of Thirds allows us to analyze the placement of compositional objects and	1
those objects.	
A. Organize	
B. Replicate	
C. Distort	
D. Challenge	
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2	2. The first person to "discover" photography was a man by the name of: A. Kodak
	B. Daguerre
	C. Neipce
	D. Eastman
2	 3. The proper exposure of any image is based on the aperture and shutter speed working in to create a good file. A. Separately. B. Concert together. C. Reaction to each other. D. None of the above.
2	4. Each shutter speed under 1 second is marked as the denominator of the fraction of a second that the shutter remains closed.A. TrueB. False
2	5. Which lens opening would give the most depth of field? A. f/3.5 B. f/22 C. f/2.8 D. f/32
2	6. When viewing a photograph our eye goes from a darker area of the picture the lighter area?A. TrueB. False
2	7. Bouncing light creates anlike effect that softens the light A. Covering B. Umbrella C. Direct D. Backlit
2	8. Photographer Diane Arbus shot documentary images of unusual people and herself spent time in a mental health clinic?A. TrueB. False
<u>'</u>	29. TTL stands for A. Tender Tonal Luminosity B. Through the Lentile C. Through the Lens D. Through the Luminosity

30.	All in-cameras meters can only measure what type of light? A. Ambient
	B. Incident
	C. Reflected
	D. Retro-cumbent
31.	Mathew Brady is famous for his photographs of?
	A. World exposition in Paris is 1898 B. The Civil War
	C. The French American War
	D. New York society
32.	ISO stands for:
	A. International Shooters Organization
	B. International Systems Operation
	C. International Silver Optimization
	D. International Standards Organization
33.	Your camera will always default on (until you reset it) the Color Space sRGB. Why? A. Because of the larger color gamut abilities
	B. Higher Contrast
	C. Lower Contrast
	D. Because digital cameras only have one Color Space.
34.	What is the name of the very first viewing technique used by man?
	A. Camera Obtusecura
	B. Camera Obscura
	C. Robustia de Camera D. Camera Proscura
	D. Camera Proscura
35.	A light sensing chip used in digital cameras today is either a
	A. CCE or CMOU
	B. CCMU or a CDC
	C. CMUC or a DCC
	D. CCD or CMOS
36.	A Histogram is a?
	A. Disease you should see a Doctor about.
	B. A graphic representation of the tones in your image
	C. A white balance selection tool
	D. A graphic representation of image composition.
	Pixels collect light and utilize small filters dividing the light into,,
	and Blue combinations
	A. Red and Cyan B. Red and Yellow
	C. Red and Brown
	D. Red and Green
	D. Not and Often

38.	Changing the resolution on your camera will not affect how many images will fit on your media card? A. True B. False	
39.	The trick in determining whether an image is documentary in natural understand when you are being A. Confronted with the truth or being manipulated to change your being. Confronted with the truth or being told to do whatever you want C. Confronted with a visual lie and manipulated spread that visual D. Confronted with a truth and manipulated to think it is a lie.	behavior.
40.	When you overexpose an image, what result will you see on yo screen? A. A darker image B. A perfectly exposed image C. A lighter image D. A reversed image	ur cameras LCD
41.	Your EV settings on your camera have the same effect as change your and A. ISO and DOF B. Shutter speeds and aperture C. Shutter speeds and WB D. DOF and WB	ging
42.	What we all must remember about instant-reportage' on social me of the viewer. A. Proficiency B. Prognosis C. Perspective D. Prognostication	edia is the
43.	Persuasive photography as contrasted with Documentary Photography A. Show reality as how you wish it to be. B. Alter the way you think about reality C. Alter the way you see all images D. Show reality in a stark confrontational style	phy tries to
44.	A telephoto lens is excellent for portraiture? A. True B. False	
45.	Photographic stories many times will dispel ourA. Bias B. Indifference C. Stereotypes D. None of the above	of other cultures

46	5. Which lens on a 35mm DSLR camera approximates what the human eye sees? A. 35mm B. 50mm C. 85mm D. 100mm
47.	The 'magic 15 minutes of light' near dawn and at sunset are due to: A. The atmosphere's build up of ultraviolet rays B. The sun's extreme angle to the earth causing deep shadows C. The lowering of the electromagnet spectrum during these hours D. None of the above.
48.	Ambient light is light coming from an indirect light source A. True B. False
49.	The words aperture and f/stop are different words for very different functions? A. True B. False
50. light.	Overcast days are not good for shooting portraits because of the diffused nature of the A. True B False